

CRI 1 Playing Regulations

CRI 1.1 These regulations shall apply to all BUCS matches except for those in the National League, the Championship Semi Finals and Final, the North/South A playoff and the Trophy Final and any other matches designated for the purpose by BUCS, which shall be played instead under Regulation

CRI 1.2 Innings All matches shall consist of one 50 overs innings per side.

CRI 1.2 Hours of Play

The normal hours of play shall be as follows:

Start - 1230

Finish - 1930

Tea: 30 minutes duration, taken between innings.

Institutions may begin play earlier via mutual consent.

CRI 1.2.1 Altering the Hours of Play In a delayed or interrupted match, the umpires shall have the discretion to alter the timing of or abandon the interval.

CRI 1.3 Determining the Winner The winner shall be the side scoring the higher number of runs, irrespective of the number of wickets lost. In a league match, should the teams score an equal number of runs, the match shall be tied, irrespective of the number of wickets lost. In a knockout match, should the teams score an equal number of runs, the result shall be determined as follows:

CRI 1.3.1 The side losing the fewer wickets shall be the winner.

CRI 1.3.2 If the teams are still level, if both sides have been dismissed in under their full quota of overs, the side with the higher overall scoring rate shall be the winner.

CRI 1.3.3 If still level, the winner shall be the side with the higher scoring rate after:

CRI 1.3.3.1 40 overs; or, if still equal

CRI 1.3.3.2 30 overs; or, if still equal

CRI 1.3.3.3 20 overs. And then 19 overs etc.

CRI 1.4 Delayed Start Should the start of the match be delayed, the number of overs to be played shall be determined by calculating the playing time remaining until the notional close of 1930 and allowing one over for every 3.75 minutes, rounded down to allow an equal number of overs per side.

CRI 1.5 Late Arrival of a Team Should the start be delayed on account of one team's not being ready at the appointed time, that team shall be deemed to have lost the toss. The umpires' decision as to the team at fault shall be final.

CRI 1.6 Altering the Number of Overs In the event of an interruption in play, the object shall be to rearrange the overs so that, where possible, both sides have the opportunity to bat for the same number of overs. The calculation of overs to be bowled shall be based on one over for

every full 3.75 minutes remaining before close of play at 1930 hours. The number of overs shall not be changed once a match has started.

CRI 1.7 Minimum Number of Overs & Extension of Play If the full number of overs cannot be bowled, the winner shall be the side with the overall higher average run rate per over, provided that at least 20 overs of the second innings have been bowled (or the innings has concluded in fewer than 20 overs). Play shall continue beyond 1930 if conditions permit and that is necessary in order to complete the number of overs allowed by CRI 1.2 or CRI 1.6.

CRI 1.7.1 In the circumstances described in the last paragraph, if either side batting is all out in fewer than its permitted number of overs, its average run rate shall be calculated as if it had used its full quota.

CRI 1.8 Conditions of Play All matters of fitness of ground, weather and light are entirely for the umpires to determine.

CRI 1.9 Balls The home institution shall provide two new identical balls of Grade A standard and of English manufacture for all matches. BUCS recommends the Oxbridge Windsor ball.

CRI 1.10 Pitch For all North/South A and Tier One league matches, a grass pitch shall be used. Should no grass pitch be available, artificial pitches may be used. All knockout round matches shall be played on a grass pitch. Artificial pitches may be used if available but only if the umpires and both captains agree that, as a result of inclement weather, no grass pitch would be playable but that conditions are otherwise acceptable.

CRI 1.11 Covers Should covers be available the pitch shall be completely covered during any interval or interruption of play. In National League, North A and South A it is a requirement that covers be available.

CRI 1.12 Wide Ball Umpires are instructed to apply a very strict and consistent interpretation in regard to Law 25 in order to prevent negative bowling wide of the wicket. As a guide, if the ball passes either side of the wicket sufficiently wide to make it virtually impossible for the striker to play a normal cricket stroke both from where he is standing and from where he should normally be standing at the crease, the Umpire shall call and signal Wide Ball.

CRI 1.13 No Ball

CRI 1.13.1 The bowler shall be limited to one short-pitched ball per over. A short pitched ball is defined as one that passed or would have passed above shoulder height of the striker standing upright at the crease. The umpire at the bowler's end shall indicate clearly when such a short pitched ball is bowled. Should the one short-pitched ball be exceeded in any over, the umpire at the bowler's end shall call and signal no ball and implement the procedures of Law 42.7.

CRI 1.13.2 Law 42.6(b) is amended to read as follows:

Any high full pitched ball (regardless of its pace) which passes or would have passed above waist height of the striker standing upright at the crease shall be called and

signalled no ball by either umpire. In addition, if the ball is fast it shall be deemed dangerous and unfair and the umpire will implement the procedures set out in Law 42.7.

CRI 1.13.3 All no balls shall incur a penalty of one run which shall be scored as a no ball. This penalty shall stand in addition to any other runs which may be scored or awarded.

CRI 1.14 Penalty for Slow Over Rate In an uninterrupted match, each side shall complete its 50 overs in no more than three and a quarter hours (195 minutes). If they fail to do this, play will continue until the end of the 50 overs, but the fielding side shall be penalised six runs for each over of their allocation that has not started within 195 minutes. These runs shall be added to the score of their opponents as penalty runs on the first occasion the ball is dead once the 195 minutes have elapsed. The umpires shall make allowance for any delays beyond the control of the fielding side, and shall advise the fielding captain of the amount of time to be allowed for and at the time of each incident. In reduced or interrupted matches, a cessation time shall be calculated for each innings based on 3.75 minutes per over and that time shall be substituted for references to 195 minutes above. In addition, one over's leeway shall be allowed in all shortened and/or interrupted matches.

CRI 1.15 Bowling Restrictions

CRI 1.15.1 No bowler shall bowl more than ten overs or, if the duration of the match is reduced before the start, more than one fifth of the total number of overs to be bowled, except that where the number does not divide by five, as many bowlers as necessary may bowl an extra over to make up the total (e.g. in a 37 over match, two bowlers may bowl a maximum of eight overs and others no more than seven overs).

CRI 1.15.2 The ECB fast bowling directive shall apply in all matches (irrespective of where played).

CRI 1.16 Fielding Restrictions The following fielding restrictions shall apply:

CRI 1.16.1 At the instant of delivery there shall be no more than five fielders on the leg side. In the event of infringement, the umpire at the striker's end shall call and signal no ball .

CRI 1.16.2 For the first 15 overs of each innings (or, if the match or either innings is reduced, for the first 30% of each innings), at the instant of delivery no more than two fielders may be outside a fielding circle. This fielding circle shall comprise an area bounded by two semi-circles, one centred on each middle stump and each with a radius of 30 yards, joined by a parallel line on each side of the pitch. The fielding circle should be marked by painted white dots at five yard intervals, each dot to be covered by a white plastic or rubber (but not metal) disc measuring seven inches in diameter. For the remaining overs of each innings, a minimum of four fielders (plus the bowler and wicket-

keeper) must be within the fielding circle. In the event of infringement, the umpire at the striker's end shall call and signal no ball.

CRI 1.16.3 There shall be two inner circles with a radius of 15 yards, one centred on the centre point of each popping crease. Where possible these should be marked by coloured discs or by dots painted on the ground. For the first 15 overs (or 30% when the match or an innings is reduced) of each innings there shall be a minimum of two stationary fielders (excluding the wicket-keeper) within the inner circle, except that a fielder at slip, gully or leg slip may stand deeper if necessary. In the event of infringement, the umpire at the striker's end shall call and signal no ball.

CRI 1.17 Wearing of helmets by young players No player aged under 18 on the day of the match shall be permitted to bat or to stand up whilst keeping wicket unless wearing a helmet. Please note general REG 6.1.2 must be complied with.

CRI 1.18 Bowl Out Procedure The procedure for a Bowl Out will follow the ECB guidelines

CRI 2 Points Three points shall be awarded for a win, 1.5 for a tie, 1 for an abandoned game and no points for a loss or void game.

CRI 2.1 Tie on Points in a League Where there is a tie between two teams, for whatever position in the league, the group shall be determined on net run rate.

Where a tie on points has been affected by one or more walkovers, all results against the team(s) that conceded the walkover(s) shall be excluded from the group points table for the purpose of determining qualifier(s).

CRI 2.2 Where net run rate is used, the winner is the side with the higher or highest net run rate as determined by the following formula:

Total runs scored	MINUS	Total runs conceded
Total overs faced		Total overs bowled

except where a team is all out in less than its allotted number of overs (either the original number or revised number) it shall be deemed to have received its full allocation rather than the number it actually received. Where fractions of overs are involved, each legitimate ball bowled shall count as one sixth of an over.

CRI 3 Failure to Fulfil a Fixture: Any team failing to fulfil more than one fixture, for reasons deemed to be within its control, will not qualify for the knockout stages. In addition, any institution failing to fulfil more than one fixture in the Premier League A or B shall normally be relegated for the following season.

CRI 3.1 Wet weather situation for League Fixtures In the National League if a match is abandoned before the minimum number of overs are bowled to obtain a result via Duckworth Lewis Stern (D/L/S) method then each team scores 1 point. In all other leagues then institutions should rearrange fixtures according to REG 15. When a match has begun and is subsequently abandoned and cannot be rearranged then both teams score 1 league point. If a

match does not start and no walkover is awarded then the match is void and both teams score 0 points.

CRI 4 Knockout Stages All matches are to be played on the dates set by BUCS.

CRI 4.1 Wet Weather Situation for Knockout Round Fixtures For the Championship and Trophy a wet weather day will be scheduled. If the match cannot be played on the scheduled date due to adverse weather conditions then it must be played on the advertised wet weather day unless both institutions agree with the BUCS Office that an alternate date for the rain delayed match is suitable. Should a result not be achieved from the rearranged match a bowl out shall be undertaken (see CRI 1.18).

CRI 4.2 Where it is absolutely certain on a wet weather reserve day that there will be no play, or insufficient play to obtain a result under these regulations and that a bowl out will be required, if the home side advises the visiting side in sufficient time to prevent travel and if the visiting side accepts that there is no prospect of sufficient play, then the visiting side may opt not to travel. In these circumstances, both teams would be required to have a qualified umpire present to oversee the bowl out in two separate locations with the two institutions concerned.

CRI 5 Officials

CRI 5.1 In Tier One and below, the home side is responsible for the appointment of both Umpires. For Tier One league matches both Umpires must be qualified members of an officials' association recognised by the England and Wales Cricket Board Ltd. It is a requirement that at least one Umpire be a qualified member of an officials' association recognised by the England and Wales Cricket Board Ltd. In the event of infringement of this regulation, REG 11 shall apply.

CRI 5.2 For other league matches one umpire should be a qualified member of an officials' association recognised by the England and Wales Cricket Board Ltd. (REG 11 shall apply).

CRI 5.3 Umpires for the Championship Semi Finals and Final shall be appointed by ECB/MCC and for, the Trophy Final and the North/South A playoff by BUCS. BUCS will also appoint a match referee for all these games. In Trophy knockout rounds (other than the Final) the home team is responsible for supplying both umpires and it is a requirement that both Umpires be qualified members - Umpires of an officials' association recognised by the England and Wales Cricket Board Ltd.

CRI 5.4 In all matches, each side shall be responsible for supplying its own scorer. In Premier Leagues A and B, any side not supplying a scorer, who shall not be a player in the match, will be fined £30.

CRI 6 Hospitality

CRI 6.1 In the National League, North/South A and ALL knockout rounds (Championship and Trophy) the home institution is required to provide hospitality (cricket teas) for its opponents and officials (minimum 12 opposition players plus manager/coach, 2 umpires and 2 scorers)

free of charge. The home team should notify its opponents in writing prior to the match if hospitality will not be made available. Failure to do so may result in disciplinary proceedings.

VARIATIONS FOR WOMENS GAME

CRI 7 Women's variation CRI 1 through to CRI 6 will apply in addition to these variations, unless there is a contradiction in which case the women's variations will supersede.

CRI 8 MCC Universities

CRI 8.1 The Marylebone Cricket Club Universities (MCCU) scheme is an initiative of the Marylebone Cricket Club. There are six MCCUs of which four include more than one institution in membership of BUCS. BUCS's General Council agreed in June 2000 that the MCCUs would compete in the BUCS Women's Team Championships as joint teams, i.e. a single team would represent the MCCU regardless that players within that team may come from different institutions in membership of BUCS.

CRI 8.2 Individual institutions that form part of a joint MCCU will be permitted, should they so wish, to enter other Women's Team(s) to represent one or more of the constituent institutions of the MCCU. These teams may only comprise players eligible (under BUCS regulations) to represent that individual institution. These additional teams will always play at a level of the Championships below that of their joint MCCU team. The fixtures of the MCCU will always take priority.

CRI 8.3 Subject to BUCS General Regulations concerning the selection of teams (note REG 6.7), the selection of teams within institutions that are constituent parts of a MCCUs shall be a matter for those institutions with the following exception. Each of the six MCCUs must supply BUCS with three named players (on a form to be supplied by BUCS) who, as their better players, would not be permitted to play at a level below that of the joint MCCU team regardless of circumstance. This form must be submitted and received by BUCS no less than 24 hours ahead of the start of the MCCU's National League programme.

CRI 8.4 above will also apply to any non-MCCU institution that has been granted permission by the BUCS Cricket Sports Advisory Group to field a joint team at its highest level and who then chooses to enter another team(s) within the Women's Team Championships.

CRI 9 Playing Regulations

CRI 9.1 Innings In National League and Championship knockout matches, matches shall consist of one innings of 50 overs per side. In the regional league and matches shall consist of one innings of 30 overs per side.

CRI 9.2 Hours of Play The normal hours of play shall apply. Unless:

CRI 9.2.1 Institutions in the National League and North/South A may agree to start their matches at 1100 with an interval of 45 minutes between innings, provided that they inform the BUCS office and the appointed umpires at least 14 days before the match. The closing time for any such matches shall be 1815 hours and all other timings in these regulations shall be adjusted accordingly

CRI 9.2.2 Regional Leagues

Start – 1400

Finish – 1930

Tea: 30 minutes' duration, taken between innings.

CRI 9.2.3 Institutions may begin play earlier via mutual consent.

CRI 10 Determining the Winner The winner shall be the side scoring the higher number of runs, irrespective of the number of wickets lost. In a league match, should the teams score an equal number of runs, the match shall be tied, irrespective of the number of wickets lost. In a knockout match should the teams score an equal number of runs, the result shall be determined as follows:

CRI 10.1 The side losing the fewer wickets shall be the winner.

CRI 10.2 If the teams are still level, if both sides have been dismissed in under their full quota of overs, the side with the higher overall scoring rate shall be the winner.

CRI 10.2.1 If still level, the winner shall be the side with the higher scoring rate after:

CRI 10.2.1.1 25 overs; or, if still equal

CRI 10.2.1.2 20 overs; or, if still equal

CRI 10.2.1.3 10 overs.

CRI 10.2.1.4 If no decision is possible in any final, that title shall be shared for the year.

CRI 11 Minimum Number of Overs & Extension of Play If the full number of overs cannot be bowled, the winner shall be the side with the overall higher average run rate per over, provided that at least ten overs of the second innings have been bowled (or the innings has concluded in fewer than ten overs). The umpires shall order extra time if, in their opinion, that would enable the match to be played to a conclusion or it would enable ten overs to be bowled, except that if there is an interruption after 1930 hours there shall be no further resumption and the match shall be at an end.

CRI 11.1 In the circumstances described in the last paragraph, if the side batting first is all out in fewer than its permitted number of overs, its average run rate shall be calculated as if it had used its full quota.

CRI 12 Wide ball In the National League and Championship knockout round matches, umpires are instructed to apply a very strict and consistent interpretation in regard to Law 25 in order to prevent negative bowling wide of the wicket. Any offside or legside delivery which in the opinion of the umpire does not give the batter a reasonable opportunity to score shall be called a wide. For guidance purposes, a legside wide should be called if a ball passes on the legside outside the pads of the

batter standing in a normal guard position. In all other matches, umpires are instructed to use their discretion over the interpretation of the Wide Ball rule in keeping with the normal Laws of the Game.

CRI 13 No Ball Bowling of high full pitched ball. Any delivery which passes or would have passed on the full above waist height of the striker standing upright at the popping crease is to be deemed dangerous and unfair, whether or not it is likely to inflict physical injury on the striker.

CRI 13.1 All no balls shall incur a penalty of one run which shall be scored as a no ball. This penalty shall stand in addition to any other runs which may be scored or awarded.

CRI 14 Bowling Restrictions

CRI 14.1 No bowler shall bowl more than ten overs in the National League or Championship knockout stages or more than six overs in the regional leagues . In matches where the number of overs is reduced from the start, these numbers shall be adjusted proportionately.

CRI 14.2 The ECB fast bowling directive shall apply in all matches (irrespective of where played).

CRI 15 Fielding Restrictions

CRI 15.1 National League and Championship Knockouts There must be a minimum of four fielders, not including the wicket keeper or bowler, within the fielding circle at all times. This fielding circle shall comprise an area bounded by two semi-circles, one centred on each middle stump and each with a radius of 25 yards, joined by a parallel line on each side of the pitch. The fielding circle should be marked by painted white dots at five yard intervals, each dot to be covered by a white plastic or rubber (but not metal) disc measuring seven inches in diameter.

CRI 15.2 Regional Leagues and Trophy Knockouts No fielding circle or fielding restrictions shall apply (other than provided by the Laws).

VARIATIONS FOR THE NATIONAL LEAGUE

CRI 16 Variations CRI 1 through to CRI 6 will apply in addition to these variations, unless there is a contradiction in which case these variations will supersede.

CRI 16.1 The following regulations apply to league matches in the National League the Championship Semi Finals and Finals, the North/South A playoff, the Trophy Final and any other matches so designated by BUCS.

CRI 17 Innings All matches shall consist of one 50 over innings per side.

CRI 18 Hours of Play The normal hours of play shall be as follows:

Start - 1230

Finish - 1930

Tea: 30 minutes duration, taken between innings.

CRI 18.1 In the Championship Semi Finals and Final, the Trophy final and the North A/South A playoff, matches will commence at 1100 with an interval of 45 minutes between innings.

CRI 18.2 Institutions in the National League may agree to start their matches at 1100 with an interval of 45 minutes between innings, provided that they update BUCScore, the Who's the Umpire website and the appointed umpires at least 14 days before the match. The closing time for any such matches shall be 1815 hours and all other timings in these regulations shall be adjusted accordingly.

CRI 18.3 Altering the Hours of Play In a delayed or interrupted match, the umpires shall have the discretion to alter the timing of or abandon the interval.

CRI 19 Determining the Winner The winner shall be the side scoring the higher number of runs, irrespective of the number of wickets lost. In a league match, should the teams score an equal number of runs, the match shall be tied, irrespective of the number of wickets lost. In a knockout match, should the teams score an equal number of runs, the result shall be determined as follows:

CRI 19.1 The side losing the fewer wickets shall be the winner.

CRI 19.2 If the teams are still level, if both sides have been dismissed in under their full quota of overs, the side with the higher overall scoring rate shall be the winner.

CRI 19.3 If still level, the winner shall be the side with the higher scoring rate after:

CRI 19.3.1 40 overs; or, if still equal

CRI 19.3.2 30 overs; or, if still equal

CRI 19.3.3 20 overs.

CRI 19.4 In the circumstances described in the last paragraph, if either side batting is all out in fewer than its permitted number of overs, its average run rate shall be calculated as if it had used its full quota.

CRI 20 Balls The home institution shall provide two new identical balls for all matches. In National League matches the Kookaburra pink ball shall be used. This will apply to Championship Semi-Final and Final.

CRI 21 Pitch Artificial pitches may be used if available but only if the umpires and both captains agree that, as a result of inclement weather, no grass pitch would be playable but that conditions are otherwise acceptable.

CRI 22 No Ball

CRI 22.1 The bowler shall be limited to one short-pitched ball per over. A short pitched ball is defined as one that passed or would have passed above shoulder height of the striker standing upright at the crease. The umpire at the bowler's end shall indicate clearly when such a short pitched ball is bowled. Should the one short-pitched ball be exceeded in any over, the umpire at the bowler's end shall call and signal no ball and implement the procedures of Law 42.7.

CRI 22.2 Law 42.6(b) is amended to read as follows:

CRI 22.2.1 Any high full pitched ball (regardless of its pace) which passes or would have passed above waist height of the striker standing upright at the crease shall be called and signalled no ball by either umpire. In addition, if the ball is fast it shall be deemed dangerous and unfair and the umpire will implement the procedures set out in Law 42.7.

CRI 22.3 All no balls shall incur a penalty of two runs which shall be scored as no balls. This penalty shall stand in addition to any other runs which may be scored or awarded.

CRI 22.4 The delivery following a foot fault no ball, shall be a free hit for whichever batsman is facing it. Field changes are not permitted for free hit deliveries unless there is a change of striker.

CRI 23 Penalty for Slow Over Rate In an uninterrupted match, each side shall complete its 50 overs in no more than three and a quarter hours (195 minutes). If they fail to do this, play will continue until the end of the 50 overs, but the fielding side shall be penalised six runs for each over of their allocation that has not started within 195 minutes. These runs shall be added to the score of their opponents as penalty runs on the first occasion the ball is dead once the 195 minutes have elapsed. The umpires shall make allowance for any delays beyond the control of the fielding side, and shall advise the fielding captain of the amount of time to be allowed for and at the time of each incident. In reduced or interrupted matches, a cessation time shall be calculated for each innings based on 3.75 minutes per over and that time shall be substituted for references to 210 minutes above. In addition, one over's leeway shall be allowed in all shortened and/or interrupted matches.

CRI 24 Bowling Restrictions

CRI 24.1 No bowler shall bowl more than ten overs or, if the duration of the match or either innings is reduced at any time, more than one fifth of the total number of overs to be bowled, except that where the number does not divide by five, as many bowlers as necessary may bowl an extra over to make up the total (eg in a 37 over match, two bowlers may bowl a maximum of eight overs and others no more than seven overs). If a bowler has inadvertently exceeded the allocation following an adjustment he shall be permitted to complete any over in progress but not to bowl any further.

CRI 24.2 The ECB fast bowling directive shall apply in all matches (irrespective of where played)

CRI 25 Fielding Restrictions The following fielding restrictions shall apply.

CRI 25.1 At the instant of delivery, there may not be more than 5 fieldsmen on the leg side.

CRI 25.2 In addition to the restriction contained in clause CRI 25.1 above, further fielding restrictions shall apply to certain overs in each innings. The nature of such fielding restrictions and the overs during which they shall apply are set out in the following paragraphs.

CRI 25.3 The following fielding restrictions shall apply: Two semi-circles shall be drawn on the field of play. The semi-circles shall have as their centre the middle stump at either end of the

pitch. The radius of each of the semicircles shall be 30 yards (27.43 metres). The semi-circles shall be linked by two parallel straight lines drawn on the field. (Refer appendix 4 of ODI playing conditions). The fielding restriction areas should be marked by continuous painted white lines or 'dots' at 5 yard (4.57 metres) intervals, each 'dot' to be covered by a white plastic or rubber (but not metal) disc measuring 7 inches (18 cm) in diameter. At the instant of delivery:

- a) Powerplay 1 – no more than two (2) fieldsmen shall be permitted outside this fielding restriction area. In an innings of 50 overs, these are overs 1 to 10 inclusive.
- b) B) Powerplay 2 – no more than four (4) fieldsmen shall be permitted outside this fielding restriction area. In an innings of 50 overs, these are overs 11 to 40 inclusive
- c) Powerplay 3 – no more than five (5) fieldsmen shall be permitted outside this fielding restriction area. In an innings of 50 overs, these are overs 41 to 50 inclusive

In circumstances when the number of overs of the batting team is reduced, the number of overs within each phase of the innings shall be reduced in accordance with the table below. For the sake of clarity, it should be noted that the table shall apply to both the 1st and 2nd innings of the match.

Innings Powerplay 1 Powerplay 2 Powerplay 3

10	2	6	2
11	2	7	2
12	3	7	2
13	3	8	2
14	3	8	3
15	3	9	3
16	3	10	3
17	4	10	3
18	4	11	3
19	4	11	4
20	4	12	4
21	4	13	4
22	5	13	4
23	5	14	4
24	5	14	5
25	5	15	5
26	5	16	5
27	6	16	5
28	6	17	5

29	6	17	6
30	6	18	6
31	6	19	6
32	7	19	6
33	7	20	6
34	7	20	7
35	7	21	7
36	7	22	7
37	8	22	7
38	8	23	7
39	8	23	8
40	8	24	8
41	8	25	8
42	9	25	8
43	9	26	8
44	9	26	9
45	9	27	9
46	9	28	9
47	10	28	9
48	10	29	9
49	10	29	10

CRI 25.4 If play is interrupted during an innings and the table in 41.2.4 (of ECB One day Regulations) applies, the Powerplay take immediate effect. For the avoidance of doubt this applies even if the interruption has occurred mid-over.

CRI 25.5 A 50 over inning is interrupted after 8.3 overs and reduced to 32 overs. The new phases are 7+19+6. Therefore the middle phase fielding restrictions take immediate effect when play resumes and last for a further 17.3 overs. The final phase begins after 26 overs have been bowled. A 40 over innings is interrupted after 18.5 overs and reduced to 22 overs. The new phases are 5+13+4. When play resumes, the final phase fielding restrictions apply for the remaining 3.1 overs.

CRI 25.6 At the commencement of the middle and final phases of an innings, the umpire shall signal such commencement to the scorers by rotating his arm in a large circle.

CRI 25.7 The scoreboard shall indicate the current Powerplay in progress.

CRI 25.8 The public address system shall be used to keep the spectators informed.

CRI 25.9 In the event of an infringement of any of the above fielding restrictions, the square leg umpire shall call and signal 'No Ball'.

CRI 25.10 In the event of the striker's end Umpire failing to call and signal No Ball when the fielding restrictions in this playing condition have been breached or when Law 41.5 (of ECB One Day Regulations) has been breached (at the point of delivery, not more than two fielders other than the wicketkeeper shall be behind the popping crease on the on side), immediately the ball becomes dead the striker may draw the matter to that Umpire's attention. If the striker's end Umpire is able to verify the breach he shall call and signal No Ball. If the striker's end Umpire is unable to verify the breach then he shall confirm that the events of the delivery shall be unchanged.

CRI 26 Special Conditions for Championship Semi-Finals and Final, Trophy Final and North A/South A Play-Off A reserve day for wet weather will be allowed for these matches. BUCS will issue dates for these reserve dates along with the other fixture and knockout dates at the beginning of the season.

CRI 26.1 In the event of the scores being tied in a quarter-final, semi-final or final when the Duckworth/Lewis method has been used, no account shall be taken of wickets lost. The teams shall compete in a Super Over to determine the winner. The following procedure will apply should the provision for a Super Over be adopted in any match.

CRI 26.2 Subject to weather conditions the Super Over will take place at a time to be determined by the umpires. In normal circumstances it shall commence 10 minutes after the conclusion of the match.

CRI 26.3 The Super Over will take place on the pitch allocated for the match (the designated pitch) unless otherwise determined by the umpires in consultation with the ground authority and the umpires.

CRI 26.3.1 The umpires shall stand at the same end as that in which they finished the match.

CRI 26.3.2 In both innings of the Super Over, the fielding side shall choose from which end to bowl.

CRI 26.3.3 Only nominated players in the main match may participate in the Super Over. Should any player (including the batsmen and bowler) be unable to continue to participate in the Super Over due to injury, illness or other wholly acceptable reason, the relevant Laws and Playing Conditions as they apply in the main match shall also apply in the Super Over.

CRI 26.3.4 Any penance time being served in the main match shall be carried forward to the Super Over.

CRI 26.3.5 Each team's over is played with the same fielding restrictions as apply for Powerplay 3 in a normal Royal London One-Day Cup Match.

CRI 26.3.6 The team batting second in the match will bat first in the Super Over.

CRI 26.3.7 The Umpires shall select a ball from the box of spare balls which shall be used for both overs of the Super Over. The ball to be used shall not be a new ball and

should have the apparent wear characteristics of a ball that has had between 5 and 20 overs of usage. For the avoidance of doubt, a ball used in the main match shall not be used in the Super Over. If the ball needs to be changed, then playing conditions as stated for the main match shall apply.

CRI 26.3.8 The loss of two wickets in the over ends the team's one over innings.

CRI 26.3.9 In the event of the teams having the same score after the Super Over has been completed, a count-back from the final ball of the Super Over shall be conducted. The team with the higher scoring delivery shall be the winner. If a team loses two wickets during its over, then any unbowled deliveries will be counted as dot balls.

Note that for this purpose, the runs scored from a delivery is defined as the total team runs scored since the completion of the previous legitimate ball, i.e including any runs resulting from wides, no ball or penalty runs.

Example:

Runs scored from: Team 1 Team 2

Ball 6	1	1
Ball 5	4	4
Ball 4	2	1
Ball 3	6	2
Ball 2	0	1
Ball 1	2	6

In this example both teams scored an equal number of runs from the 6th and 5th ball of their innings. However team 1 scored 2 runs from its 4th ball while team 2 scored a single so team 1 is the winner.

CRI 26.3.10 If still equal, then another Super Over shall be played in accordance with CRI 26.1.

CRI 27 Bowl Out Procedure The procedure for a Bowl Out will be as follows:

CRI 27.1 The umpires will determine the location of the bowl out which may take place on a grass pitch, artificial pitch or indoors.

CRI 27.2 The captains will nominate five players who will each bowl twice (alternatively with the opposition) at a wicket (comprising of three stumps and two bails) from a distance of 22 yards.

CRI 27.3 The teams shall toss for the order of bowling and then one player from each side shall bowl one ball alternately.

CRI 27.4 Where a bowl out is held in two separate venues under CRI 4.2, Regulation CRI 27.3 will not apply and BUCS will issue separate instructions on the conduct of the bowl out.

CRI 27.5 The wicket shall not be obstructed by any person or item; however teams may decide to nominate a wicket keeper who shall stand well back from the wicket.

CRI 27.6 The umpire shall officiate at the bowler's end.

CRI 27.7 If a player scores a hit from a no ball, that hit shall not count, nor shall he retake the attempt.

CRI 27.8 The winner shall be the team with the higher number of hits from their ten attempts. Should the scores be equal, then the bowl off shall continue using the same five players, in the same order, until such time as an equal number of balls have been bowled and one team has hit the wickets more times than the other.

CRI 28 Clothing It is expected that all teams participating in the BUCS Men's National League matches and the Championship Semi Finals and Final will be wearing coloured match clothing.

CRI 29 General conditions

CRI 29.1 Teams (both home and away) should arrive at the ground in plenty of time to allow for warming up and a prompt start (Start time for matches is 1230 unless otherwise agreed as per CRI 1.2.1). There are no extenuating circumstances for late arrival which, if the Umpires deem to have affected the start time of the match, will result in the offending team forfeiting the toss.

CRI 29.2 Home teams must provide their opposition with match information in writing (start time/directions) at least 7 days (not working days) prior to the fixture.

CRI 29.3 The BUCS Office must be provided with the precise location of all Premier League matches entered onto the BUCScore website. Matches can only be altered with the agreement of the BUCS Office as they will, by this stage, have been incorporated into the ECB's Fixture Schedule.

CRI 30 Ground and match conditions

CRI 30.1 Pitches must be of good quality. Umpires are to complete pitch and outfield reports after each game, with grades ranging from excellent, good, average, below average, poor and unfit. Any pitch marked poor or unfit will be investigated by BUCS who reserve the right to request reversed venues in further rounds should pitches receive 2 or more marks of this low level.

CRI 30.2 Sufficient ground staff (or equivalent) must be available on match days to provide the following duties; a) operate covers b) roll between innings (if requested) c) brush and remark pitch between innings.

CRI 30.3 Suitable sightscreens should be available.

CRI 30.4 There should be provision of sawdust.

CRI 30.5 In matches between MCCUs in the National League, where the same pitch is going to be used for all 3 days of the BUCS fixture and Inter-MCCU Championship match, then the BUCS match must take place on the first day.

CRI 31 Matches in the National League shall be played under the most current Duckworth-Lewis-Stern(D/L/S) regulations for weather affected matches. Teams should have access to the latest D/L software and the appropriate G50 coefficient for the competition (BUCS will supply the G50 coefficient). The home team is responsible for having a working computer or laptop available to use

the D/L/S system should it become necessary. This should be in a location that is easily viewable by the coaches of both teams. The home team management will be responsible for advising the umpires on any D/L/S calculations as requested.

CRI 32 Officials

CRI 31.1 For all games above Tier 1, umpires will be appointed by the ECB Regional Appointment Officers and all appointments detailed on www.whostheumpire.com.

Payment of officials is the responsibility of the home team and follows the below procedure:

1. Host teams communicate directly with the appointed umpires to confirm fixture details and provide the umpires with the reimbursement pro-forma, available from the BUCS Cricket webpage.
2. Umpires complete the reimbursement pro-forma and present it to the host team for payment before the fixture commences.
3. To enable teams to budget, the rate for umpires will be a set rate with no additional travel allowance.

National - £50.00 per match per umpire

North and South A - £40 per match per umpire*

*This is based on the standard flat rate plus the average travel costs incurred over previous BUCS seasons.

The full umpire reimbursement procedure is available on the BUCS Website Cricket page and will be sent to appropriate teams in the information release pre-season, which will also contain an electronic version of the reimbursement pro-forma.

CRI 33 CRI 8 will apply.